## Physics I

## Friction

Problem 1.- A coin is located 0.2 m away from the center of a horizontal turntable which accelerates slowly. Calculate at what angular velocity ( $\omega$ ) the coin will start sliding if the coefficient of static friction is $\mu=0.5$


Problem 2.- A block begins to slide down a ramp after being elevated to an angle of 35 degrees. What is the coefficient of static friction?


Problem 3.- What is the maximum acceleration a car can undergo on a level road if the coefficient of static friction between the tires and the pavement is 0.65 ?

Problem 3a.- What is the minimum distance to stop a car with an initial velocity of $15 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ on a level road if the coefficient of static friction between the tires and the pavement is 0.65 ?

Problem 4.- Rubber on ice has a very low coefficient of kinetic friction $\mu_{K}=0.13$
Based on this, calculate the distance needed to stop a car that is going at 20 miles per hour on a level icy road. Assume that the driver slam on the brakes, locking the wheels.
[1 mile $=1609 \mathrm{~m}$ ]


Problem 5.- A hockey puck is given an initial speed of $2.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and it slides 15 m on the ice before it stops. Calculate the coefficient of kinetic friction.

Problem 6.- A 15 kg box is sitting on a rough, level surface. A horizontal force of 95 N is needed to start moving the box. Once the box starts moving the 95 N force is maintained and the box accelerates at $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
a) Find the coefficient of static friction.
b) Find the coefficient of kinetic friction.

